# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### GHS Revised 5-15-2015

Section1. Identification

Product Name Quick Glaze Clear Coat

Product Code QGCT

Use of mixture/substance: Spot Repair Clear Coat

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier

Company name Multi-Tech Products
Address 41519 Cherry Street

Murrieta Ca 92562 United States

Telephone 951-834-9066

Contact orders@multitechproducts.com

800-424-9300/CHEMTREC

Emergency phone number 703-527-3887/International

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 2

Sensitization, skin

Category 1

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Reproductive toxicity

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long

Category 3

lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the

environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower . If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned. Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Storage

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Response

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental Information 62.74% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity . 62.65% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 62.55% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic

environment.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	20 to <30
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	5 to <10
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 to <10
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	1 to <5
Methyl acetate		79-20-9	1 to <5
liquid HALS		41556-26-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable le	evels		50 to <60

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or Inhalation

artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eves with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. if Eye contact present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Most important May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May symptoms/effects, acute and cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged delayed

exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under

observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical General Information advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (C02). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/Instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate ail ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Smail Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of ail environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SOS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	es		
Components	Type	Value	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Nm	Twe	Value	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	

## **Biological limit values**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	
1) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 <i>gig</i>	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 <i>gig</i>	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	

<sup>• -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

# Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

## **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

Color Clear colorless or nearly colorless

Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated Initial bolling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit-lower

1.4 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 124.26 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(les)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-Ignition temperature 797 °F (425 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other Information

Density 8.48 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable 18 estimated

Percent volatile 71.38 % Specific gravity 1.02

VOC 1.13 lbs/gal Material

2.5 lbs/gal Regulatory 136.05 g/1 Material 307.68 g/1 Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport .

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

## Information on toxicological effects

ute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LOSO	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LOSO	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
Dermal		
LOSO	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LOSO	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LOSO	Rabbit	3.7 g/kg
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LCSO	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LOSO	Rat	14000 mg/kg
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal	Pahhit	> 13 a/ka
LOSO	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
<b>Inhalation</b> LCSO	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
TCOO		
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		4500 "
LOSO	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic orgenotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS67-64-1	)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS1	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl acetate (CAS7	79-20-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS1	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-	·7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bloaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

 acetone
 -0.24

 Ethyl benzene
 3.15

 Methyl acetate
 0.18

 n-butyl acetate
 1.78

 Xylene
 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow **Disposal instructions** 

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues I unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

## 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk Label(s)

3 Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SOS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 182, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 202 Packaging bulk 242

MA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш Environmental hazards No. **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SOS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Cargo aircraftonly Allowed.

**IMDG** 

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

3

Not established.

Transport hazard class(es) Class

Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SOS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code



#### IATA; IMDG



# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

 acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 Listed.

 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Listed.

 Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)
 Listed.

 n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
 Listed.

 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
 Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard-Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 to <10	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 to <5	

#### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SOWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

#### US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal.Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

liquid HALS (CAS 41556-26-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)"
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-15-2015

Version # 01

**HMIS®** ratings Health: 2\*

Flammability: 3

Physical hazard: 0 NFPA ratings

Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical Disclaimer

knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by MTP, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in

respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the

products.